



## BTL Taper Bushings

1008 - 5050 6050 - 12100



TL Taper bushing supplied by NSPT is ade of high-quality engineered materials. With precisemachining, it is sold with set crews imported from Japan and packed in ce cartons individually.

## he Specifications for BTL Taper ushing:

1008-5050 items can be sold off-the-shelf based on the stock with immediate delivery.

Taper holes can be in BS or UNC standard; bores and keyways are available both in metric and standard.

They are suitable for European, the United States and Japanese markets.



6050-12100 bushings are produced made-to-order and delivered with the fastest arrangment possible. Bores and keyways can be in metric and/or in nch according to BS and UNC standard.





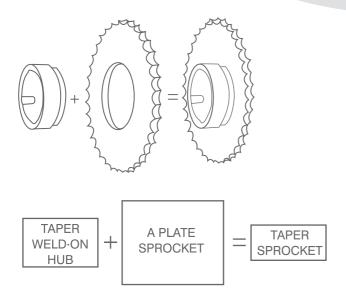
## BTL Taper Bushings

Taper bushing is a new way of joining mechanical transmission. It has changed the traditional way of design: easy-on, easy-off, compact construction and high standardization. The grip is tightened through its taper surface with excellent concentricity and nonclearance joint; its transmission efficiency is better than the old way.

They are designed in standard series. The bore, keyway and thread are machined in accordance of ISO standard. It is interchangeable, and the customers can make their own choice according to the purposes and usages. This new type of joint is widely used today.

The gray cast iron is the common material. If high tensional bushing is required, ductile iron, steel or forged steel may be used. Bushings made of stainless steel can be used together with sprockets, clutches, gears and other transmission parts that are also made of stainless steel.

When shaft hub is used with other transmission parts, in the starting and frequent reversed movements, it will likely cause damages to the bore and keyway or degrade precision due to pressing loads. If the case is a severe one, the whole transmission part will be ruined. This would be largely reduced if BTL taper bushing is used.





In case the bore and keyway are damaged; the production will be resumed as long as the old bushing is removed and the new one is assembled. The lifetime of the transmission will be increased sharply, and the maintenance expense will be reduced greatly.

The BTL Taper bushing sold by NSPT, INC. includes taper bushing itself and relevant tightening screws (also includes packaging).

If more detailed information is required, please contact us directly.







### **BTL** Taper Bushings

Taper Bushing (abbreviated as "Bushing") is a new type of elastic components in shaft-hub connection. It is widely used in pulleys, timing belt pulleys, gears, sprockets, bevels, couplings, rollers, sheaves, agitators, impellers, fan rotors and other products that need to be shaft mounted.

Characteristics:

- 1) Extremely secure fitting on shaft with excellent concentricity;
- 2) Easy on and easy off without interference elastic clip and requires low maintenance;
- 3) Better shocking resistance, longer lifetime, and better reliability and stability. Used under frequent starting and inversion situations, heavy pressing load and other severe operating conditions;
- 4) Widely used in many circumstances and offers large range of mounting between all kinds of transmission components and shafts with different diameters. Easy to standardize, easy to disassemble and good for large-scale productions for cost reduction purpose.

Nowadays, traditional connection method by keys is still widely used in mechanical transmissions. However, it has bad concentricity that causes low reliability and stability. The installation is inconvenient, and the keyway connection is easy to be worn out under heavy load. All of the disadvantages have been change in the 1980s since the invention of taper bore bushings, which have become an increasingly popular new type of mechanical joint component in European, the United States, and Japanese markets year after year.

1. Basic structure and working principles of bushing connections:

Bushings mate with taper holed hubs through 4° semi-taper angle surfaces. The shaft is secured by the frictional force through tightened screws, not through keys like in the traditional method. The torque will be transmitted when the bushing bores shrink during the tightening of the screws. Therefore, the structure and quality of tightening

screws depend on the type and specification of bushings. The keys are only the secondary feature and the keyway is more useful for increasing elasticity. The bushings are removable and durable if installed with the original screws provided by NSPT.

#### 2. Bushing structure selection

There are three different types of NSPT bushings: BTL, QTL and STL. The right bushing type should be chosen based on features and usages.

#### 2.1 Common Type (BTL Bushings)

The outside dimension of the transmission parts will not be increased if this type of bushing is used. It is hub connected with a compact structure and sold with matching cap screws. This type of bushing has an even and nice outlook. BTL bushings are used to connect with taper bored transmission devices or used together with taper weld-on hubs. This type of bushing is the most common one with the largest amount of users worldwide.

#### 2.2 Flange Type (QTL Bushings)

This type of bushing has simple structure and is designed for easy installation. It is mated with hex screws as tightening screws for increased loosening resistance and reliability. However, the outside dimension of the transmission parts will be bigger than normal. This disadvantage makes QTL bushings more suitable for shorter hubs or devices with low requirements on dimension and weight.

#### 2.3 Adapters

NSPT Taper bore adapters are recommended for mating with straight bore hubs. By adopting NSPT adapters, problems such as close mating with shaft, over-inserting, difficult installation or easy damaging to the finish surface (especially for rolling bearings) will be solved. However, the radial dimension will increase when using this type of bushing. This disadvantage makes NSPT adapters more suitable for conditions when bearing dimensions decide the shaft diameters, not the shaft itself or strength of rigidity. Adapters have to be selected based on the relevant bushing types.





## BTL Taper Bushing

- 3. Bushing types and loading capacities.
- 3.1 Common type (BTL Bushing)
- 3.1.1 Dimension series: this type is divided into three series according to its load-bearing capacity and number of tapped holes:
- Light series: type 1008-3030
   Have two un-tapped half-holes for tightening screws and one semi-tapped holes for unloading.
- Medium series: type 3535-5050
   Have three half-holes for tightening screws and two half-tapped holes for unloading.
- Heavy series: type 6050-120100
   Have four half-holes for tightening screws and two half-tapped holes for unloading.
- 3.1.2 Expressions:

Each type of bushing has different matching standard shaft size.

If the NSPT code is written in four digits, eg. 2517, the initial two digits divided by ten indicate Max. bore of the bushing (in inches); the other two digits

divided by ten indicate the length through bore (in inches). In this example, the Max. bore of the bushing is 2.5 inches ( $2.5 \times 25.4$ mm), length through the bore is 1.7 inches ( $1.7 \times 25.4$ mm).

If the code is written in six digits, eg. 120100, the initial three digits divided by ten indicate the Max. bore of the bushing (in inches). The other three divided by ten indicate the length through the bore (in inches). In this example, 120 indicates that the Max bore of bushing is 12 in-ches (12 x 25.4mm); 100 indicates that the length through the bore is 10 inches (10x 25.4mm).

If the code is written in five digits, the initial three digits indicate the Max. bore of bushing; the other two digits indicate the length through the bore.

3.1.3 Rating load-bearing capacity

See torque capacity parameters for common types in the following table:

Bush.No	Torque C	apacity	Bush.No	Torqu	e Capacity	
	lbf.in	N.m		lbf.in	N.m	
1008	1,200	136	3535	44,800	5,060	
1108	1,300	147	4040	77,300	8,740	
1210	3,600	407	4545	110,000	12,400	
1215	0,000	407	4040	110,000	12,400	
1310	3,850	435	5050	126,000	14,200	
1315	0,000	400	3030	120,000		
1610	4,300	486	6050	282,000	31,900	
1615	4,000	400	7060	416,000	47,000	
2012	7,150	808	8065	456,000	51,500	
2517	11,600	1,310	10085	869,000	98,200	
2525	11,000	1,010	10005	003,000	90,200	
3020	24,000	2,710	120100	1,520,000	172,000	
3030	24,000	2,710	120100	1,525,000	172,000	

lbf.in=0.113N.m





## BTL & QTL Taper Bushing

Please notice that bushing's load-bearing capacity is related with tightening torque and shaft size. In this catalog the related tightening torques have been given. The load-bearing capacity increases as the shaft size enlarges. Please consult with NSPT if more detailed information is required.

- 3.2 Flange type (QTL Bushing)
- 3.2.1 Dimension series: QTL Bushings can be divided into two series according to its reversibility.
- Reversable mounting series: type JA-J
   Have three screws and three bores on the flange.
- Un-reversable mounting series: type M-W.
  Have only four tapped holes on the flange, but no un-tapped holes.
- 3.2.2 Type and load -bearing capacity
  Due to different dimensions and load-bearing
  capacity, QTL Bushings have thirteen
  specifications. See torque capacity parameters
  and related screw tightening torques in the table
  below:

	Bush.No	Torque (	Capacity	Screw Tightening Torque				
		lbf∙in	N.m	lbf∙in	N.m			
	JA	1,000	113	54	6.1			
	SH	3,500	396	108	12.2			
	SDS	5,000	565	108	12.2			
	SK	7,000	791	180	20.3			
	SF	11,000	1,243	360	40.8			
	E	20,000	2,260	720	81.4			
\	F	30,000	3,390	900	102			
	J	45,000	5,090	1,620	183			
	M	85,000	9,600	2,700	305			
1	N	150,000	17,000	3,600	408			
	Р	250,000	28,300	5,400	610			
	W	375,000	42,400	7,200	814			
	S	625,000	70,600	9,000	1,020			

#### 4. Selection

To select the right bushing type, features and working condition have to be considered. The selection mainly depends on the torque and loading force.

See loading coefficient K for bushing connection below:

K	Load type
1.0	light loading start,work even
1.5	light loading start,work uneven
2.0	medium loading start,work even or uneven
2.5	light or heavy loading start,medium shock
3.0	lighty or heavy loading start,heavy shock or rotating

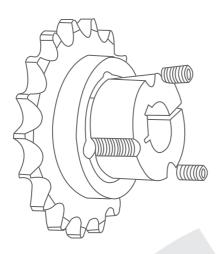
Working torque on shaft: T=63025N/n (lbf·in) N-transmission torque (house);

n-shaft revolutions per minute(RPM) Calculation torque  $T_0$ =KT,K-loading coefficient When selecting bushing type, it should comply with  $T_H \leq T_O$ . Bushing torque capacity can be got from the given table.





## BTL Taper Bushing



			0005	1/			
BUSH	SCREW		SCREW				
NO	TIGHTENING	QTY	SIZE				
NO	TORQUES(Nm)	GII	In-Bore	mm-Bore			
1008	F 0		1/4"	1/4"			
1108	5.6	2	UNC	BSW			
1210	00		3/8"	3/8"			
1215	20	2	UNC	BSW			
1310	00		3/8"	3/8"			
1315	20	2	UNC	BSW			
1610	00		3/8"	3/8"			
1615	20	2	UNC	BSW			
2012	01		7/16"	7/16"			
2017	31	2	UNC	BSW			
2517	48	2	1/2"	1/2"			
2525	40		UNC	BSW			
3020	90	2	5/8"	5/8"			
3030	90		UNC	BSW			
3525	112	3	1/2"	1/2"			
3535	112	3	UNC	BSW			
4030	170	3	5/8"	5/8"			
4040	170		UNC	BSW			
4535	192	3	3/4"	3/4"			
4545	.02		UNC	BSW			
5040	271	3	7/8"	7/8"			
5050			UNC	BSW			

The BTL taper bushing are registered patented products. Any production and sales must be authorized first.

## BTL TAPER BUSHING INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### TO ASSEMBLE

- 1. Clean and degrease the bore and taper surfaces of the bush and the taper bore of the wheel. Insert the bush into the hub and the wheel to line up holes (half thread holes must be lined up with half unloading holes)
- 2. Lightly oil the grub screws (bush size 1008 to 3030) or the cap screws (bush size upto 5050) and then screw them into the holes. Do not tighten vet.
- 3. Clean and degrease the shaft. Fit the wheel with taper bush onto the shaft and locate it in desired position.
- 4. When using a key, it should first be fitted in the shaft keyway. A tap clearance should be between the key and the keyway in the bore.
- 5. Using a hexagon socket wrench (DIN911) gradually tighten the grub cap screws in accordance to the torques as listed in the schedule of screw tightening torques on the left.
- 6. When the drive has been operating under load for a short period (half to one hour), check to make sure that the screws remain at the appropriate tightening torque.
- 7. In order to eliminate the ingress of dirt, fill all empty holes with grease.

#### To REMOVE

- 1. Loosen and remove all screws and place them in the holes of the bushing.
- 2. Tighten the screws alternatively till the hub's grip on the bushing is loosened. The inner bore of the bushing can be slid off the shaft.
- 3. Remove the bushing from the shaft.

#### Special Note-

BTL bushings are made of GG25 cast iron. Other materials are available according to customers' requirements.

Surface coating is optional upto the customers' requirements. (such as painting, black phosphating, black oxidizing and so on)

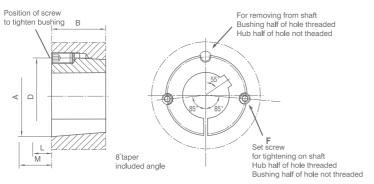
Each part is individually boxed.

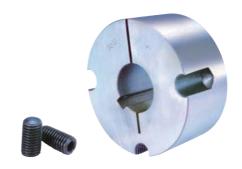
BTL bushings are sold with high quality screws imported from Japan.





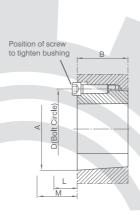
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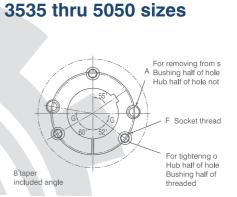




#### 1008 thru 3030 sizes







## **Dimensions for 1008 thru** 3030 BTL Taper Bushings

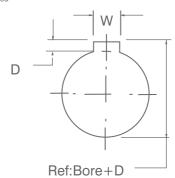
Bush No	А	В	D	Set Screws
1008	1.386	7/8	<b>1</b> 21/64	1/4x1/2
1108	1.511	7/8	129/64	1/4x1/2
1210	17/8	1	13/4	3/8x5/8
1215	17/8	11/2	13/4	3/8x5/8
1310	2	1	17/8	3/8x5/8
1610	21/4	1	21/8	3/8x5/8
1615	21/4	11/2	21/8	3/8x5/8
2012	23/4	11/4	25/8	7/16x7/8
2517	<b>3</b> 3/8	13/4	31/4	1/2x1
2525	33/8	21/2	31/4	1/2x1
3020	41/4	2	4	5/8x <b>1</b> 1/4
3030	41/4	3	4	5/8x <b>1</b> 1/4



## **Dimensions for 1008 thru** 5050 BTL Taper Bushings

Bush No	Α	В	D	Set Screws	G
3535	5	31/2	4.83	1/2x <b>1</b> 1/2	3
4040	53/4	4	5.54	5/8x <b>1</b> 3/4	4
4545	63/8	41/2	6.13	3/4x2	4
5050	7	5	6.72	7/8x <b>2</b> 1/4	3

Two screws required



MM Bore Keyway and dimensions conform to ISO standard Depth measured at centerline





# BTL Taper Bushings KEYWAY

USAS B 17.1 1967 **KEYS AND KEYWAYS** 

Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	Bush No	Bore	Bushing Keyway	
	1/2 9/16	1/8x1/16		1/2 9/16	1/8x1/16		1/2 5/8	1/8x1/16		7/8 15/16	3/16x3/32		1-3/16 1-1/4	1/4x1/8		1-15/16 2	1/2x1/4	
	5/8			5/8		1	11/16			1			1-3/8	5/16x5/32		2-3/16	1/2/1/1	
	11/16			11/16			3/4	3/16x3/32		1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-7/16	3/10/3/02		2 3/8		
1008	3/4	3/16x3/32		3/4	3/16x3/32		13/16			1-3/16	.,, -		1-1/2			2-7/16		
	13/16	, ,		13/16	, ,		7/8			1-1/4			1-5/8	3/8x3/16		2-5/8	5/8x5/16	
	7/8			7/8			15/16			1-5/16		1	1-11/16	0/0/0/10		2-3/4	0,000,00	
$\wedge$	15/16			15/16			1			1-3/8	5/16x5/32		1-3/4			2 7/8		
	1	1/4x1/16		1			1-1/16	4/4 4/0		1-7/16		1	1-7/8		1	2-15/16		
	1/2	1/05/1/16	1610	1-1/16	1/4/1/0		1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-1/2			1-15/16			3-1/8	3/4x3/8	
	9/16	1/8x1/16		1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-3/16			1-9/16	0/0/0/16		2			3-3/16		
	5/8			1-3/16			1-1/4			1-5/8	3/8x3/16		2-1/8	1/2x1/4		3-1/4		
	11/16			1-1/4			1-5/16	5/16x5/32		1-11/16			2-3/16			3-3/8		
	3/4	3/16x3/32		1-5/16	5/16x5/32		1-3/8	3/10/3/02		1-3/4			2-1/4		4545	3-7/16		
1108	, i			1-3/8	0/10/0/02		1-7/16			1-13/16			2-5/16			3-1/2	7/8x7/16	
	7/8			1-7/16	3/8x3/16		1-1/2			1-7/8			2-3/8			3-5/8		
	15/16	1/4x1/8		1-1/2	0,0,0,10	2517		3/8x3/16	3020	1-15/16		3535	2-7/16			3-3/4		
$\wedge$	1	., .,.,,		1-9/16	3/8x1/8		1-5/8	0/0/10/10		2	1/2x1/4		2-1/2	5/8x5/16		3-7/8		
	1-1/16	1/4x1/16		1-5/8			1-11/16			2-1/16			2-5/8	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3-15/16		
	1-1/8			1-2	1/8x1/16		1-3/4		-	2-1/8			2-11/16			4		
	1/2	1/8x1/16		9/16			1-13/16			2-3/16			2-3/4			4-1/8	1x1/2	
	9/16			5/8			1-7/8			2-1/4			2-7/8			4-3/16		
	5/8 11/16			11/16 3/4	3/16x3/32		1-15/16			2-5/16 2-3/8			2-15/16			4-1/4		
		2/16/2/20			3/10x3/32		2-1/16	1/2X1/4		2-3/6			3			4-3/8		
	3/4 13/16	3/16x3/32		13/16 7/8			2-1/16	1/2/1/4		2-1/10	5/8x5/16		3-1/8	3/4x3/8	$\rightarrow$	4-7/16	1x1/4	
1210	7/8			15/16		1	2-3/16			2-1/2	3/0,3/10	3-3/16				4-1/2		
1210	15/16			1 1			2-3/10			2-11/16			3-1/4			2-7/16	5/8x5/16	
	1		1615	1-1/16			2-5/16			2-3/4			3-5/16			2-15/16	3/4x3/8	
	1-1/16		1-1-	1-1/8	1/4x1/8		2-3/8			2-13/16		$\perp$	3-3/8			3-3/8		
	1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-3/16			2-7/16	5/8x3/16		2-7/8			3-7/16	7/8x1/4		3-7/16	7/8x7/16	
	1-3/16			1-1/4			2-1/2			2-15/16	3/4x1/4		3-1/2			3-5/8		
	1-1/4			1-5/16			3/4	0/40-0/00	$\triangle$	3			1-7/16			3-7/8		
	1/2		\	1-3/8	5/16x5/32		7/8	3/16x3/32		15/16			1-1/2			3-15/16		
	9/16	1/8x1/16			1-7/16	0/0 0/40		1		-	1			1-5/8	3/8x3/16	5050		1 1/0
	5/8		1 ,	1-1/2 3/8x3/16	1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-1/8	1/4x1/8		1-11/16			4-1/8	1x1/2			
	11/16			1-9/16	0/0:4/0		1-3/16	1/4/1/0		1-3/16			1-3/4			4-3/8		
	3/4	3/16x3/32		1-5/8	3/8x1/8		1-1/4			1-1/4			1-7/8			4-7/16		
	13/16			1/2	1/8x1/16		1-3/8	5/16x5/32		1-5/16	5/16x5/32		1-15/16			4-1/2 4-7/8		
1215	7/8			9/16	1/0/1/10		1-7/16			1-3/8	3/10/3/32		2		$\rightarrow$		1 1/427/16	
	15/16			5/8			1-1/2			1-7/16			2-1/8	1/2x1/4		5	1-1/4x7/16	
	1			11/16			1-5/8	3/8x3/16		1-1/2		1	2-3/16					
	1-1/16	1/4x1/8		3/4	3/16x3/32		1-11/16			1-9/16	3/8x3/16		2-1/4					
	1-1/8	.,,		13/16			1-3/4			1-5/8	0,000,00		2-3/8					
	1-3/16			7/8		-	1-13/16			1-11/16			2-7/16					
	1-1/4			15/16			1-7/8			1-3/4		-	2-1/2					
	1/2	1/8x1/16		1 1/16			1-15/16	1/2x1/4		1-13/16			2-5/8	5/8x5/16				
	9/16 5/8			1-1/16	1/4x1/8	2525	2 2-1/8			1-7/8 1-15/16			2-11/16					
	11/16			1-1/6			2-3/16		3030	2		4040	2-3/4					
	3/4	3/16x3/32	2012	1-3/16			2-1/4		3030	2-1/16	1/2x1/4		2-7/8		1			
	13/16	5,10,0,02	2012	1-5/16		$\wedge$	2-5/16		-	2-1/10	1/6/1/4		2-15/16					
	7/8			1-3/8	5/16x5/32		2-3/10			2-3/16			3	0/4-0/0				
	15/16			1-7/16			2-7/16	5/8X3/16		2-1/4			3-1/8	3/4x3/8				
	1			1-1/2			2-1/2	_, _, ., ., 10		2-5/16		1	3-3/16					
310	1-1/16			1-9/16					1	2-3/8			3-1/4					
-	1-1/8	4 / 4 4 / 0		1-5/8	3/8x3/16					2-7/16			3-3/8					
	1-3/16	1/4x1/8		1-11/16						2-1/2	5/8x5/16		3-7/16					
	1-1/4			1-3/4						2-5/8			3-1/2					
	1-5/16	E/40 E/		1-13/16	4/0	1				2-11/16			3-5/8	7/8x7/16				
	1-3/8	5/16x5/32	_	1-7/8	1/2x1/4				_ ^	2-3/4			3-11/16					
			$\downarrow$	1-15/16	1/0:-0 10					2-7/8		1	3-3/4					
- 1				2	1/2x3-16					2-15/16	3/4x1/4		3/7/8					
										3			3-15/16	1x1/4				





## BTL Taper Bushings KEYWAY

DIN 6885 JIS B 1301-1976 UNI 6604-1969 GB 1095-1979

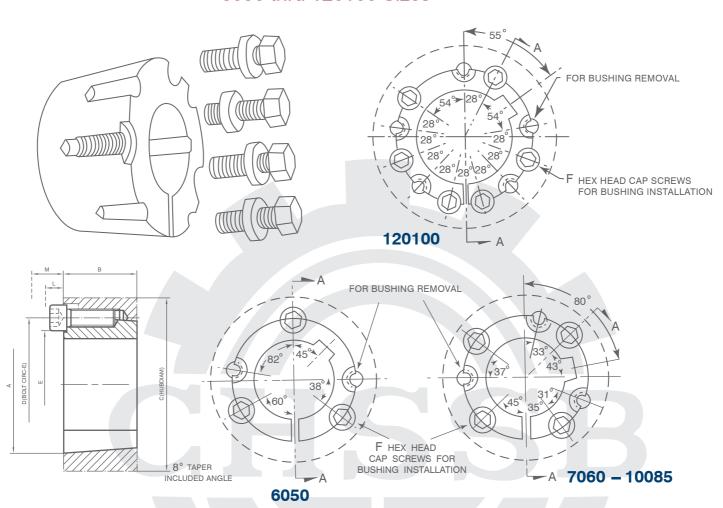
No	Durala	D = # =	D la !	Decala	D = ==	D a la tira au	Decala	D = ==	D la	Decale	D = #=	D la	Decale	D = ==	D la !	Decala	D = # =	D la :
10   381.40		Bore	Bushing	1	Bore	Bushing		Bore	_		Bore		1	Bore	_	1	Bore	_
11	No			No		Keyway	No		Keyway	No		Keyway	No		Keyway	No		Keyway
11			3x1.40			5x2.30			6x2.80						10x3 30			16x4.30
14			4x1.80			3/2.00			OX2.00		1	8x3.30			1003.50			18x4.40
1008 18															12x3.30			10%1.10
1008   16			5x2.30			6x2.80			8x3.30							-		20x4.90
19											1	10x3.30						
25 6x280	1008												-		14x3.80			22x5.40
22   24   8x2.00   25   8x1.30   30   33   38   38   39   39   38   39   39			6x2.80						10000			12x3.30			44.400	-		
11						8x3.30			10x3.30				-		16x4.30	-		25x5.4
A												14 2 00			18x4.40			
10				1610					12x3.30			14x3.80				-		20,46 40
13						10×3 30						16v4 30	-		20x4.90			28x6.40
12			3X1.4U	-		. 67.5.5			14v3 90			10,4.50	-			1	110	
11			4x1.80			12x3.30			1475.00			18x4.40			22x5.40			
16				$\wedge$	42				16x4 30						25x5 40	-		
1180			5x2.30				2517			3020		20x4.90	3535	70	20//01/10	4545		
1180				-			2017		10%1110		7.5							
20 6x2.80 2	1180																	
22   8x3.30   14   5x2.30   18   19   6x2.80   22   24   23   24   24   24   24   28   8x3.30   30   32   10x3.30   32   22   24   22   24   24   24   24	1100		6x2.80															
24 8 8x3.30																		
25   883,30   18   19   682,80   16   582,30   18   19   682,80   22   24   25   28   883,30   30   22   24   24   25   28   883,30   30   32   1083,30   32   1083,30   32   1083,30   32   1083,30   32   1083,30   33   32   1083,30   33   32   1083,30   33   33   34   34   34   34   34					1.4													
Name			8x3.30			5x2.30												
11	$  \wedge  $		8x2.00	-														
12																		
16		12	4x1.80			6x2.80												
1210		14	F 2 20		22													
1210		16	5x2.30		24													
1210   20		18		:		_8x3.30												
1210   20		19	6x2 80			0.13.33												
12	1210	20	0,72.00	1615														
1215   25						40.000		20	6:2.00		25			40	122.20			10 110
1215   28						10x3.30			6X2.8U			0,42,20			12X3.30	/		18x4.40
12   28			8x3.30			12v2 20	-			-	1	8X3.30				1	-	20x4.90
32 10x3.30    11			0,1010										-		1/1/3 80			20X4.90
11					42	12X2.20			8×3 30			10v3 30			143.00			22x5.40
12 4x1.80 14 5x2.30 16 5x2.30 18 19 6x2.80 20 22 24 25 8x3.30 32 10x3.30 32 10x3.30 32 10x3.30 38 14x3.80 50 50 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70			10x3.30						0.5.50		1	10,5.50			16x4 30	-		2283.40
12			4x1.80													+		25x5.40
14									10x3.30			12x3.30						23,73.70
18			5x2.30		18								-			-		
1215   19					19			40	12x3.30		48	14x3.80		75	20x4.90			28x6.40
1215   20					20	6x2.80		42			50			80		1		
22   24   25   8x3.30   28   8x3.30   28   30   2525   2	1215		6x2.80		22			45			55	16x4.30		85	22x5.40		115	
24	1213				24			48	14x3.80		60	101/4 40		90	25x5.40		120	32x7.40
25 8x3.30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3				1	25	8x3.30						1 0X4.4U		95			125	
28 8x3.30 30 32 10x3.30 14 5x2.30 18 19 6x2.80 20 20 20 22 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2					28	00.00	2525			3030		20x4 90	4040	100	28x6.40	5050		
30   32   10x3.30   32   35   10x3.30   38   40   12x3.30   45   48   14x3.80   50   30   30   32   30   32   30   32   30   32   30   30			8x3.30					60	18x4.40	3030	75	2014.70	4040			2020		
32 10x3.30 14 5x2.30 18 40 42 12x3.30 18 19 6x2.80 20 6x2.80 21 22 24 25 28 8x3.30 30 32 10x3.30																		
14 5x2.30 2012 38 40 40 42 12x3.30 45 48 14x3.80 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50			10x3.30	1		10x3.30												
16 5x2.30 40 42 12x3.30 45 45 48 14x3.80 50 50 1310 22 2 2 2 2 2 8 8x3.30 30 32 10x3.30				2012														
18			5X2.30			12x3 30												
1310 22 4 45 48 14x3.80 50 50 1310 32 10x3.30 32 10x3.30				1		12/2/20												
1310 20 6X2.80 48 14X3.80 50 22 24 25 28 8X3.30 30 32 10X3.30			6,200															
1310 22 24 25 28 8x3.30 30 30 32 10x3.30			OX2.8U			14x3.80												
24 25 28 8x3.30 30 32 10x3.30	1310				50													
28 8x3.30 30 32 10x3.30	1210																	
28   30   32   10v3 30		25	02.20															
32 10/3 30		28	8X3.30															
		30																
			10x3.30															
35 T0X3.30		35	10X3.30															





## BTL Taper Bushings

# TAPER BUSHING DIMENSIONS(Con t.) 6050 thru 120100 Sizes



#### Dimensions for 6050 thru 120100 BTL Taper Bushings

Bush.No.	А	В	D	Socket Head Cap Screws	E	L	М
6050	9.250	5	9	3-11/4x31/2	63/4	<b>1</b> 5/8	43/8
7060	10.250	6	10	4-11/4x31/2	73/4	<b>1</b> 5/8	43/8
8065	11.250	61/2	11	4-11/4x31/2	83/4	<b>1</b> 5/8	43/8
10085	14.750	81/2	141/2	4-11/2X41/4	113/4	2	53/8
120100	17.250	10	17	6-11/2x41/4	141/4	2	53/8

#### **Dimensions forTAPER Bushings Metric.Inches Bore**

Bush.No	inche	s bore	metric bore				
Dusii.No	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
6050	47/16	6	80	150			
7060	415/16	7	90	175			
8065	57/16	8	110	200			
10085	7	10	175	250			
12100	8	12	200	300			

Bore and keyway dimensions conform to ISO standard recommendation R773. for "free" fit

If complete instructions is needed, refer to instruction sheet packed with each bushing.